



Description

The building enclosure must address a variety of functions throughout the design and installation process. With modern airtightness goals requiring a more robust system, builders and design professionals must utilize a variety of material options for addressing joints between dissimilar materials. This session will dive into the world of modern enclosure tapes and sealants, including providing an overview of the general types of materials currently on the market. This overview will guide building professionals when considering alternative materials to meet performance expectations.

9





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Disclaimer & Thanks!

• Where trade names appear, no discrimination is intended, and no endorsement by Penn State is implied.

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Thank you!

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11

General Notes

- Text quoted from manufacturers will be italicized
- Quotes from articles or individuals will be highlighted in green text

12

What is Building Science?

• Building science is the cross-disciplinary collection of knowledge and experience required to understand and predict many aspects of the behavior of buildings and their systems, specifically including durability, comfort, energy, environmental separation, indoor air quality, acoustics, lighting, economics, and constructability.

- Dr. John Straube, 3rd Residential Building Design & Construction Conference

Building Enclosure Functions

- Support (structural)
- Control (heat, air, moisture, smoke, odor, sound, fire, insects, etc.)

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- Aesthetics (exterior and interior finishes)
- Distribution of Services (MEP)











Why Do We Need Tapes?

• Air sealing

• Installing moisture control layers or water-resistive barriers (WRBs)

- Flashing penetrations

18

18

Common Tape Applications

- Flashing penetrations
- Sealing joints in similar materials
- Sealing joints in dissimilar materials



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Key Consideration	s
• Cost • Availability • Compatibility • Installation • Temperature • Substrate	
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20	





Rubberized Asphalt Tapes

 $\ensuremath{\cdot}$ These are typically the cheapest of the three types of tape

Installation notes:

- Not as effective in cold temperatures (narrow temperature
- range)
- Can become brittle over time
- Compatibility concerns with window installation

23

Grace Vycor Plus

• Apply VYCOR® Plus flashing in fair weather when the air, surface and membrane are at temperatures of 25 °F (-4 °C) or higher. After precipitation, allow a minimum of 24 hours for drying before installing the flashing.



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Butyl Tapes

• They are usually less expensive than the acrylics • Installation notes:

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- Butyl tapes work better at warmer temperatures

- Typically have strong initial tack

Not as forgiving after initial placement







Acrylic Tapes

- · Acrylics are usually the most expensive option.
- Installation notes:
 - Most acrylic tapes can be applied in cold temperatures
 - Acrylic tapes are repositionable as the bond strengthens over
 - time
 - Some can adhere to a variety of substrates without priming - Broader range of vapor permeability

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General Recommendations

•Follow the manufacturer's installation instructions!

Other considerations

- Rollers
- PrimersCompatibility
- compatibili

37

Do I Need a Roller?

Most tapes require the tape to be rolled or applied with even pressure

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- "This is called "wetting" the tape; the pressure helps the adhesive come in contact with the entire surface under the tape, not just the high points."
- https://www.greenbuildingadvisor.com/article/testing-constructiontapes-part-1

38



Do I Need a Primer?

- The need for a primer depends on a multitude of factors, including manufacturer guidelines, site conditions, substrate, and experience.
- Is the need for a primer a substantial barrier to constructability?

40

Asphalt: Grace Vycor Plus Priming is generally not required for most substrates provided they are clean and dry. However, on concrete, masonry and DensGlass Gold®, apply PERM-A-BARRIER® WB Primer.

Butyl: DuPont Flashing Tape

 Adverse weather conditions or cold temperatures may require use of a primer to promote adhesion of DuPont Self-Adhered Flashing Products to common building materials. Concrete, masonry, and fiber-faced exterior gypsum board require the use of DuPont Adhesive/Primer.



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Acrylic: 3M 8067 Flashing Tape

- Adheres to most common building materials. For difficult to stick to surfaces, test flashing tape adhesion before application.
- Use 3M™ Hi-Strength 90 Spray Adhesive to prime the substrate as needed prior to applying the flashing tape.

43



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More on Compatibility If the tape sticks, why does it matter if the manufacturer approves the product? System warranty and future risk/litigation Manufacturer approval is much more critical for moisture-related installation vs. air sealing

46

































59

Practical Recommendations from Bryan Kehm

- Differentiate when to use a tape, sealant, gasket, membrane, or spray foam
- Provide a tape and gasket box on the job site
- Provide an air & WRB penetration schedule with materials/methods to use on the plans



More Recommendations/Questions

- Are you confident that your subs have the right tape to be installed in current conditions?
- Should you consider developing a cold weather design and a warm-weather design and material spec?

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61



62

Resources

- <u>https://buildingscience.com/documents/insights/bsi-067-stuck-on-you</u>
- https://www.greenbuildingadvisor.com/article/testingconstruction-tapes-part-1
- https://www.greenbuildingadvisor.com/app/uploads/s ites/default/files/Backyard%20Tape%20Test%20-%20final.pdf
- https://benjaminobdyke.com/insights/understandingadhesive-technology-acrylic-vs-butyl-vs-asphalt/